

Rubric Title of course Instructor Teaching Assistant	<b>CIVL 2110</b> <b>Statics</b> Jishen Qiu To be determined
Prerequisites  Co-requisites Exclusive  Credit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>MATH 1012 Calculus IA</i> (or any courses on calculus including but may not limited to <i>MATH 1013 Calculus IB</i>, <i>MATH 1023 Accelerated Calculus I</i>, etc.)</li> <li>• <i>PHYS 1111 General Physics I</i> (or any courses on general physics including but may not limited to <i>PHYS 1112 General Physics II</i>, etc.)</li> <li>• <i>MATH 1014 Calculus II</i> or <i>MATH 1024 Honors Calculus II</i></li> <li>• <i>CIVL 2150 Introduction to Statics and Dynamics</i></li> </ul> <p>3</p>
Textbook(s) and/or Other materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hibbeler R.C. “Engineering Mechanics, Statics: 13th edition in SI Units”, Pearson Education, 2012.</li> <li>• Beer F., Johnston E.R., et al. “Vector Mechanics for Engineers: Statics, 10<sup>th</sup> edition in SI Unites”, McGraw-Hill, 2013</li> </ul>
Course Objectives	<p>By successfully completing this course, a student would be able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduce a loaded structure to a model, i.e. creating proper free-body diagrams (FBD) of the structure or the parts in it.</li> <li>• Examine the stability of this structure, and classify a stable structure as the statically determinate or indeterminate</li> <li>• Perform static analysis to a statically indeterminate structure, e.g. truss or certain frames</li> <li>• Calculate and sketch the internal force in a structural member, e.g. axial force, shear force, bending moment.</li> <li>• Identify the structural analysis that is NOT covered in this course, and what future courses (e.g. mechanics of materials, structural analysis), will cover the relevant topics.</li> </ul>
Topics	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Understanding forces and moments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Overview of mechanics</li> <li>• Vectors (introduction, Cartesian coordinates)</li> <li>• Operation of vectors and their applications (addition, dot product, cross product, mix product)</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Equivalent systems of forces and equilibrium <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Equivalent system of forces</li> <li>• Equilibrium of rigid body (single and multiple)</li> <li>• Two-force and three-force members</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Stability and static determinacy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Stability</li> <li>• Static determinacy</li> <li>• Kinematic approach for stability analysis (single or multiple rigid bodies)</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Trusses <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction and classification of trusses</li> <li>• Analysis of trusses (method of joints, method of sections)</li> <li>• Computer-aided analysis of trusses</li> </ul> </li> <li>5. Area properties and moments of inertia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Area and centroid</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Distributed loading</li> <li>• Pappus-Guldin's Theorem</li> <li>• Moments of Inertia</li> <li>• Parallel axis theorem</li> <li>• Rotated axes</li> <li>• Mohr's Circle</li> </ul> <p>6. Internal force diagram</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understanding axial force, shear force, and bending moments</li> <li>• Shear diagram</li> <li>• Axial force diagram</li> <li>• Bending moment diagram</li> </ul> <p>7. Static analysis of a structure</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Static analysis of a structure</li> <li>• Bending moment diagram using fast track approach</li> </ul>
Computer usage	To be advised by the lecturer
Lab Projects	No lab work required
Class/lab schedule	Two 80-minute lectures per week One 60-minute tutorial per week
Contribution to the professional component	100% engineering topics
Relationship to the program objective	<p>This course contributes to the following program objectives:</p> <p><b>1. Provide professional skills in design, construction and management</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Student will learn statics as the fundamentals of structural design, and the physical laws and mathematical tools related to the structural analysis.</li> </ul> <p><b>3. Stimulate self-learning and innovative problem solving skills</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The students will spend a good time to practice statics problems independently.</li> <li>• The students will be encouraged to develop unorthodox method to define a structure, to solve a problem.</li> </ul> <p><b>4. Expose students to real projects and cutting edge research.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The structures to be analyzed in this course will resemble the real-world engineering problems, and even some cutting-edge scientific research (e.g. micromechanics in biomaterials)</li> </ul>
Relationship to program outcome	<p>The course contributes to the following program outcomes:</p> <p><b>1. Obtain fundamental knowledge in mathematics and science (T, P, M)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The lecturer will teach, the students will practice and be able to mathematics, e.g. vector operation, trigonometry, and matrix operation, to define and solve problems of mechanics</li> <li>• The lecturer will teach, the students will practice and be able to apply physics, e.g. Newtonian Laws, to analyze structures.</li> </ul> <p><b>2. Understand fundamental principles of engineering science (T, P, M)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The lecturer will teach, students will practice and master fundamental concepts on engineering mechanics, e.g. equilibrium, stability, static determinacy, etc.</li> <li>• The lecturer will teach, the students will practice and be able to transfer some practical engineering problems to a model that can be solved with fundamental engineering tools like free-body diagram, Mohr's circle.</li> </ul> <p><b>4. Apply modern engineering tools (T, P)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The instructor will teach, and the students will practice fundamental programming concepts for the analysis of truss.</li> </ul> <p><b>5. Formulate problems and propose feasible solution (T, P)</b></p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The instructor will teach, and the students will be transforming a loaded structure in daily life (e.g. a rigid frame, a pulley, a cable-hung slab, etc.) to a model that can be analyzed by physical laws and mathematical tools.</li> <li>• The students will assess the model and carefully select the most efficient method to solve it.</li> </ul> <p><b>7. Appreciate the breath of civil engineering (T)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The instructor will cover a wide range of real-life infrastructures.</li> <li>• The instructor will stress that the analytical skills taught in this course can be applied in some other disciplines out of civil engineering, e.g. mechanical part.</li> </ul> <p><b>8. Obtain in-depth knowledge in at least one specialized area (T)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The instructor will teach so that students will appreciate fundamental concepts of structural engineering; they will be carry out quick qualitative analysis of specific simple types of structures.</li> </ul> <p><b>10. Recognize the need of lifelong learning (T)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The instructor will emphasize the role of fundamental mechanics for the students' future professional career, and more importantly why applying the analytical skill would be critical.</li> </ul> <p><b>11. Install a deep sense of professional responsibility and ethics (T)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The instructor will involve recent cases of structural failure, and explain how the knowledge of statics can be applied in this cases.</li> </ul>
Assessment of Outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A mid-term (30%) and final exam (50%) will be held to assess students' understanding in the subject during the learning process. (Outcomes 1, 2, 5, 8).</li> <li>• Seven assignments of homework and a few quizzes (20%) will be used to assess student's learning pace (Outcomes 1, 2, 5, 8)</li> <li>• Class discussions and tutorials will be taken advantage of to understand how well the students can relate the class content to real-world problems. (Outcomes 4, 7, 8, 10, 11)</li> </ul>
Prepared by	Jishen Qiu
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